



TESNIT® BA-55 is specifically manufactured for heating systems that utilise steam or mineral oils, however it is also suitable for other applications. TESNIT® BA-55 has very good thermal and chemical resistance.

### PROPERTIES

	THERMAL RESISTANCE		
	CHEMICAL RESISTANCE		
	MECHANICAL RESISTANCE	SEALABILITY PERFORMANCE	
SUPERIOR			
EXCELENT			
VERY GOOD			
GOOD			
MODERATE			

### APPROPRIATE INDUSTRIES & APPLICATIONS

	GENERAL PURPOSE
	GAS SUPPLY
	WATER SUPPLY
	FOOD INDUSTRY
	POTABLE WATER SUPPLY
	SHIPBUILDING
	STEAM SUPPLY
	HEATING SYSTEMS

Composition	Engineered bio-soluble mineral fibres, aramid fibres, inorganic fillers, NBR binder. Optional steel wire mesh insert on request.
Colour	Dark green
Approvals	DIN-DVGW DIN 3535-6, SVGW DIN 3535-6, DVGW VP 401, DVGW VP 401 (5 bar), DVGW KTW, DVGW W270, BAM (Oxygen), EC 1935/2004, BS 7531 Grade X

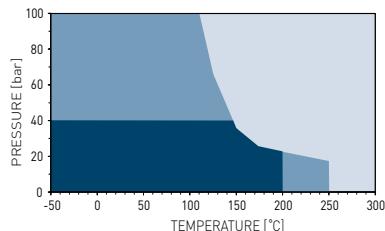
### TECHNICAL DATA

Typical values for a thickness of 2 mm

<b>Density</b>	DIN 28090-2	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.8
<b>Compressibility</b>	ASTM F36J	%	7
<b>Recovery</b>	ASTM F36J	%	55
<b>Tensile strength</b>	ASTM F152	MPa	7
<b>Stress resistance</b>	DIN 52913		
16 h, 50 MPa, 175 °C		MPa	35
16 h, 50 MPa, 300 °C		MPa	30
<b>Specific leak rate</b>	DIN 3535-6	mg/(l·s·m)	0.06
<b>Thickness increase</b>	ASTM F146		
Oil IRM 903, 5 h, 150 °C		%	8
ASTM Fuel B, 5 h, 23 °C		%	10
<b>Compression modulus</b>	DIN 28090-2		
At room temperature: $\epsilon_{KSW}$		%	7.6
At elevated temperature: $\epsilon_{WSW/200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$		%	11.4
<b>Percentage creep relaxation</b>	DIN 28090-2		
At room temperature: $\epsilon_{KRW}$		%	3.2
At elevated temperature: $\epsilon_{WRW/200\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}}$		%	0.8
<b>Max. operating conditions</b>			
Peak temperature		°C/°F	350/662
Continuous temperature		°C/°F	270/518
- with steam		°C/°F	230/446
Pressure		bar/psi	100/1450

### P-T DIAGRAM

EN 1514-1, Type IBC, PN 40, DIN 28091-2 / 3.8, 2.0 mm



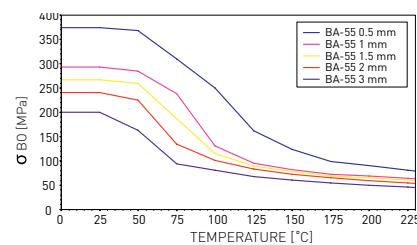
- General suitability - Under common installation practices and chemical compatibility.
- Conditional suitability - Appropriate measures ensure maximum performance for joint design and gasket installation. Technical consultation is recommended.
- Limited suitability - Technical consultation is mandatory.

Surface finish	Surface finish is 4AS. Optional graphite or PTFE finish on request.
Dimensions of standard sheets	Sheet size (mm): 1500 x 1500   3000 x 1500   4500 x 1500 Thickness (mm): 0.5   1.0   1.5   2.0   3.0 Other dimensions and thicknesses are available on request.
Tolerances	± 5 % on length and width On thickness up to 1.0 mm ± 0.1 mm On thickness above 1.0 mm ± 10 %

Acetamide	+
Acetic acid, 10%	+
Acetic acid, 100% (Glacial)	-
Acetone	?
Acetonitrile	-
Acetylene (gas)	+
Acid chlorides	-
Acrylic acid	?
Acrylonitrile	-
Adipic acid	+
Air (gas)	+
Alcohols	+
Aldehydes	?
Alum	+
Aluminium acetate	+
Aluminium chloride	?
Aluminium chloride	?
Aluminium sulfate	?
Amines	-
Ammonia (gas)	?
Ammonium bicarbonate	+
Ammonium chloride	+
Ammonium hydroxide	+
Amyl acetate	?
Anhydrides	?
Aniline	-
Anisole	?
Argon (gas)	+
Asphalt	+
Barium chloride	+
Benzaldehyde	-
Benzene	+
Benzoic acid	?
Bio-diesel	+
Bio-ethanol	+
Black liquor	?
Borax	+
Boric acid	+
Butadiene (gas)	+
Butane (gas)	+
Butyl alcohol (Butanol)	+
Butyric acid	+
Calcium chloride	+
Calcium hydroxide	+
Carbon dioxide (gas)	+
Carbon monoxide (gas)	+
Cellosolve	?
Chlorine (gas)	-
Chlorine (in water)	-
Chlorobenzene	?
Chloroform	-
Chloroprene	?
Chlorosilanes	-
Chromic acid	-
Citric acid	?
Copper acetate	+
Copper sulfate	+
Creosote	?
Cresols (Cresylic acid)	-
Cyclohexane	+
Cyclohexanol	+
Cyclohexanone	?
Decalin	+
Dextrin	+
Dibenzyl ether	?
Dibutyl phthalate	?
Dimethylacetamide (DMA)	?
Dimethylformamide (DMF)	?
Dioxane	-
Diphyl (Dowtherm A)	+
Esters	?
Ethane (gas)	+
Ethers	?
Ethyl acetate	?
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	+
Ethyl cellulose	?
Ethyl chloride (gas)	-
Ethylene (gas)	+
Ethylene glycol	+
Formaldehyde (Formalin)	?
Formamide	?
Formic acid, 10%	+
Formic acid, 85%	?
Formic acid, 100%	-
Freon-12 (R-12)	+
Freon-134a (R-134a)	+
Freon-22 (R-22)	?
Fruit juices	+
Fuel oil	+
Gasoline	+
Gelatin	+
Glycerine (Glycerol)	+
Glycols	+
Helium (gas)	+
Heptane	+
Hydrocarbons	+
Hydrochloric acid, 10%	?
Hydrochloric acid, 37%	-
Hydrofluoric acid, 10%	-
Hydrofluoric acid, 48%	-
Hydrogen (gas)	+
Iron sulfate	+
Isobutane (gas)	+
Isooctane	+
Isoprene	+
Isopropyl alcohol (Isopropanol)	+
Kerosene	+
Ketones	?
Lactic acid	?
Lead acetate	+
Lead arsenate	+
Magnesium sulfate	+
Maleic acid	?
Malic acid	?
Methane (gas)	+
Methyl alcohol (Methanol)	+
Methyl chloride (gas)	?
Methylene dichloride	?
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	?
N-Methyl-pyrrolidone (NMP)	?
Mineral oil (ASTM no.1)	+
Motor oil	+
Naphtha	+
Nitric acid, 10%	-
Nitric acid, 65%	-
Nitrobenzene	-
Nitrogen (gas)	+
Nitrous gases (NOx)	?
Octane	+
Oils (Essential)	+
Oils (Vegetable)	+
Oleic acid	+
Oleum [Sulfuric acid, fuming]	-
Oxalic acid	?
Oxygen (gas)	-
Palmitic acid	+
Paraffin oil	+
Pentane	+
Perchloroethylene	-
Petroleum (Crude oil)	+
Phenol (Carbolic acid)	-
Phosphoric acid, 40%	?
Phosphoric acid, 85%	-
Phthalic acid	+
Potassium acetate	+
Potassium bicarbonate	+
Potassium carbonate	+
Potassium chloride	+
Potassium cyanide	+
Potassium dichromate	?
Potassium hydroxide	?
Potassium iodide	+
Potassium nitrate	+
Potassium permanganate	?
Propane (gas)	+
Propylene (gas)	+
Pyridine	-
Salicylic acid	?
Seawater/brine	+
Silicones (oil/grease)	+
Soaps	+
Sodium aluminate	+
Sodium bicarbonate	+
Sodium bisulfite	+
Sodium carbonate	+
Sodium chloride	+
Sodium cyanide	+
Sodium hydroxide	?
Sodium hypochlorite (Bleach)	?
Sodium silicate (Water glass)	+
Sodium sulfate	+
Sodium sulfide	+
Starch	+
Steam	+
Stearic acid	+
Styrene	?
Sugars	+
Sulfur	?
Sulfur dioxide (gas)	?
Sulfuric acid, 20%	-
Sulfuric acid, 98%	-
Sulfuryl chloride	-
Tar	+
Tartaric acid	?
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	-
Titanium tetrachloride	-
Toluene	+
2,4-Toluenediisocyanate	?
Transformer oil (Mineral type)	+
Trichloroethylene	-
Vinegar	+
Vinyl chloride (gas)	-
Vinylidene chloride	-
Water	+
White spirits	+
Xylenes	+
Xylenol	-
Zinc sulfate	+

## σ<sub>BO</sub> DIAGRAM

DIN 28090-1



σ<sub>BO</sub> diagrams represent σ<sub>BO</sub> values for different gasket material thicknesses. These values indicate the maximum in-service compressive pressures which can be applied on the compressed gasket area in-service without destroying the gasket material.

**P-T diagrams** indicate the maximum allowed combination of internal pressure and service temperature which can be applied simultaneously for a given gasket depending on its material type, thickness, size and tightness class. Given the variety of gasket applications and service conditions, these values should only be regarded as guidance for the proper gasket assembly. In general, thinner gaskets exhibit better P-T properties.

## CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

The recommendations made here are intended to be a guideline for the selection of the suitable gasket quality. Because the function and durability of the products depend upon a number of factors, the data may not be used to support any warranty claims.

⊕ Recommended

⊕ Recommendation depends on operating conditions

- Not recommended



DONIT TESNIT, d.o.o.

Cesta komandanta Staneta 38  
1215 Medvode, Slovenia

Phone: +386 (0)1 582 33 00  
Fax: +386 (0)1 582 32 06  
+386 (0)1 582 32 08

Web: www.donit.eu  
E-mail: info@donit.eu

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